

PD PRESCRIPTION MADE EASY



PD PATIENT TUTORIAL

1 GLUCOSE CONCENTRATION ASSIST WITH FLUID REMOVAL

Different types of glucose concentration to suit the individual prescription.

The different glucose can be use in combination with each other.

1.5% - when a person has renal function.

2.5% - when a person has decreased renal function.

4.25% - when a person has a little bit of renal function left.

The higher the glucose the more fluid will be removed in conjunction with other factors.

It is advised to sleep with a 1.5% glucose to preserve the peritoneum. The high glucose exposure during a long dwell in the night can damage the peritoneum.

Your doctor can advise differently for a reason. Follow Dr's orders.

OTHER FACTORS:

- Bowel movement
- Albumin levels
- Adequate drain time
- Dwell time
- Glucose concentration

THE VOLUME OF THE BAG ASSIST WITH CLEARANCE

Clearance and fluid removal are two important factors to be taken into consideration in peritoneal dialysis.

If your blood does not clear the toxins e.g. urea stays in your blood.

High urea levels interferes with your appetite, clearance and over all well being.

It will then be necessary to increase the bag volumes you are currently dialysing with.

1L - when you weigh 30kg and less or when PD is initiated.

2L - when the break in period of the peritoneum was successful after a week or two.

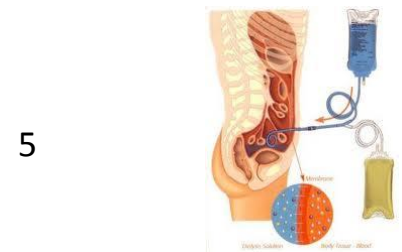
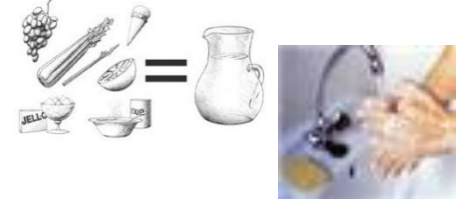
2.5L - when a person have a big BMI or overall when a clearance of 1.8 are not reached.

All the changes will be made with the consent of the treating Dr.

UNDERSTAND WHAT DIALYSIS IS ALL ABOUT...

A COMBINATIONS OF THE ELEMENTS BELOW 4

Diet, hygiene, doing bag changes on time, Blood sampling, Doctors visits, unit visits, drinking and injecting of medication, timeous renewal of scripts – all of the above mentioned contributes to your well being.



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